### **CONDITIONS OF DEVELOPMENT CONSENT**

DA No:	DA-210/2018
Property:	65-71 Kerrs Road, LIDCOMBE NSW 2141
Description:	Demolition of existing structures and Construction of a two-storey boarding house containing 37 boading rooms over basement parking.

1.

## A) The following "Deferred Commencement" conditions are applied and must be satisfied before the consent can operate:-

Consent is granted subject to the following "deferred commencement" conditions. In accordance with Section 4.16(3) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, this development consent will not operate until the Applicant satisfies the Council as to the matters set out in these "deferred commencement" conditions.

#### 1. DC1. Creation of Drainage Easement

Stormwater from the entire site shall be discharged by gravity system. In this regard,

- a) Downstream easement(s) shall be obtained.
- b) Width of the easement shall be minimum 1.2m.
- c) Transfer Granting Easement document(s) and plans shall be submitted to Council for approval and then registered with the Land and Property Information.
- d) Cumberland Council shall be nominated as authority to vary or modify the easement(S) in all the Transfer Granting Easement documents.
- e) Easement details shall comply with the approved stormwater plans. In this regard updated stormwater plans shall be submitted to and approved by Council.
- f) Registered copy of Transfer granting easement document(s) shall be submitted to and approved by Cumberland Council.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure appropriate easement is created to drain the stormwater from the development by gravity.

#### 1. DC2. Driveway design

Amended plan addressing following shall be submitted to and approved by Cumberland Council:

a) Minimum 2.2m headroom shall be provided along the access ramp. Head room shall be measured perpendicular to the wheelbase as shown on the Figure 5.3 of AS 2890.1. Head room details shall be marked on the plan. In this regard, detail longitudinal sections of the access ramp along both internal and external curve to a scale of 1:20 shall be submitted.

- a) Basement access ramp alignment shall be annotated on the Ground level plan.
- b) All the obstruction including any structural columns and beams in the vicinity of the stairs 5 shall be clear of the head room clearance area along the access ramp.
- c) Loading area driveway shall be designed to provide access to the medium rigid vehicle (MRV). Medium Rigid Vehicle should be able to access the loading area in reverse manoeuvring. In this regard, detail swept path analysis shall be submitted to ensure that the manoeuvring does not interfere with the existing facilities or street parking spaces. Road centre line and kerb shall be annotated on the plan to ensure manoeuvrings do not encroaches the centre line.

<u>*Reason:*</u> to ensure access ramp design complies with Australian standard AS2890.1 and As2890.2.

#### DC3. Mechanical Ventilation:

Details are to be provided to Council regarding the mechanical ventilation to the basement car park. Plans are to show the location of the air intake and exhaust points. The mechanical ventilation is to comply with the BCA.

<u>Reason:-</u> To ensure compliance with BCA and minimal impact on adjoining neighbours.

In accordance with clause 95(3) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, you must produce evidence to the Council within a period of **2 years**, sufficient enough for Council to be able to be satisfied of the above matters.

If evidence is produced within the specified period, in accordance with Clause 95(5) of the Regulation, Council will notify you whether or not it is satisfied as to the above matters and whether or not the consent will operate.

## B) Conditions to be satisfied throughout the term that the consent remains valid:-

#### 1. Approved Plans – Deferred Commencement

The development is to be carried out generally in accordance with the following plans as numbered below, except as modified by the deferred commencement condition of approval:

Plan Number	Prepared By	<b>Revision No.</b>	Dated
Demolition A0.03			
Roof A1.01			
Basement A1.02			
Ground Level A1.03			
Level 1 A1.04	Moma Architecture	A14	20.05.19

Architectural Plans:

Elevations A2.00			
Elevations 2 A2.01			
Sections A3.00			
Schedule of finishes			
A4.00			
Landscape DA-L101	Canvas Landscape	E	12.04.19
	Architects		

#### Stormwater Plans:

Plan Number	Prepared By	Revision No.	Dated
A8047 – SW01			
A8047 – SW02	Alpha Engineering		
A8047 – SW03	and development	H	01.03.19
A8047 – SW04			
A8047 – SW05			

#### Reports:

Plan Number	Prepared By	<b>Revision No.</b>	Dated
BASIX 918957M_05	Outsource Ideas P/I	-	15.04.19
Plan of Management	Think Planners	-	12.04.19
Acoustic Assessment	Acoustic Logic	2	3.10.18
Preliminary Site Investigation E23794.E01	eiaustralia	Rev 1	26.06.18

#### The plans will not be "stamped" by Council until the modifications required by the deferred commencement condition have been incorporated into revised plans.

(Note:- modifications to the approved plans will require the lodgement and consideration by Council of a modification pursuant to Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended)).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to confirm and clarify the terms of Council's approval.

#### 2. <u>Time period of consent</u>

This consent shall lapse five (5) years from the date of determination unless the approved building, engineering or construction work has been physically commenced in accordance with this consent.

Development consent for the use of land does not lapse if the approved use of any land, building or work is actually commenced prior to the date on which the consent would otherwise lapse.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to satisfy the requirements of Section 4.53 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

#### 3. Auburn DCP 2007: Section 7.11 Development Contributions

Development Contributions are payable in accordance with Auburn Council Council's Section 7.11 Development Contribution Plan 2007, which has been prepared under Section 7.11 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended).

The amounts payable will be adjusted in accordance with the section titled Review of Contribution rates and are generally indexed on a quarterly basis by the Consumer Price Index CPI (all Groups Sydney) unless otherwise stated in the plan.

Contributions will be adjusted at the payment date in accordance with the plan and payment is to be made prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

Council's Development Contribution Plan 2007 is available for inspection at Council's Customer Services Centre, Civic Place, 16 Memorial Avenue, Merrylands or online at: www.cumberland.nsw.gov.au

<u>*Reason*</u>: To ensure that the development complies with the Auburn DCP 2007: Section 7.11 Development Contributions.

#### 4. Auburn DCP 2007 - LGA Wide

A sum of **\$106,434.88** is to be paid to Council for the purpose of LGA Wide plans being the provision of open space and recreation facilities, community facilities, accessibility and traffic works, town centre upgrades, car parking and Council's administration of the development contributions framework.

The above sum is broken down to the following items:

Item	Amount
Community Facilities	\$26,245.43
Public Domain	\$58,047.80
Accessibility and Traffic	\$15,984.67
Administration	\$6,156.98
TOTAL	\$106,434.88

<u>*Reason*</u>: to provide open space and recreation facilities, community facilities, accessibility and traffic works, town centre upgrades, car parking and Council's administration of the development contributions framework.

#### 5. Consolidation of lots

The individual lots are to be consolidated into a single parcel. Written evidence of registration of consolidation by the Land and Property Information Office is to be submitted to Council prior to the granting of the occupation certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the whole of the land essential to the proper operation of the development is preserved.

#### 6. <u>Tree planting</u>

Following the completion of demolition and prior to basement construction, all trees and screening plants along the adjoining northern boundary are to be installed as per the approved Landscape Plan. This area is to be isolated from all works associated with construction, by use of temporary fencing, with all planted trees and screening plants to be maintained and adequately watered for the duration of the development. The fencing is only to be moved at the time of when remaining landscaping elements are to be installed within this area, following completion of building construction.

Tree/screening plant stock to be planted must be of the pot size as per the proposed plant schedule on the approved Landscape Plan, with the purchased stock to meet the following height requirements:

Trees: min. 2m in height, Screening Plants: mi. 1.5m in height.

Any trees/screening plants installed prior to building construction are to be immediately replaced if they decline, prior to completion of the development, meeting the same pot size/height requirements mentioned above.

<u>Reason:-</u> To protect the privacy of adjoining properties.

#### 7. Root barriers

The use of a suitable Root barrier material to a minimum depth of 500mm is recommended and should be used along all infrastructures such as driveways, building footings, OSDs, stormwater pipes/pits, paths and walls near where 45L/75L container stock trees are planted in order to direct their roots away.

<u>Reason:-</u> to direct roots away.

#### 8. Maximum occupancy

The boarding house is approved to accommodate a maximum of seventy-four (72) lodgers (excluding the boarding house manager). All boarding rooms may be occupied by two (2) lodgers at any one time.

A schedule showing the boarding room number and the number of lodgers permitted to be accommodated in each must be displayed near the entrance of the premises. The schedule shall include the name and a 24 hour contact telephone number of the owner and/or the boarding house manager. Each boarding room must be clearly numbered in accordance with the schedule.

<u>Reason</u>:- to confirm the terms of approvals and to comply with the requirements of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

#### 9. Boarding House Manager to manage the premise

A boarding house manager is required to manage the premise at all time to ensure the plan of management and house rules and other policies are adhered to.

The contact details of the boarding house manager and owner shall be provided to the Police in case of an emergency or a community complaint. The details should be updated if changes in management occur.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the premise has a live in boarding house manager at all times to manage the property.

#### 10. House rules

The Boarding House Manager is required to have every resident sign an agreement upon commencement of their stay with regards to their behaviour. In addition, the house rules are

to be displayed around the entire premise including the common room and within each room. The house rules are to address:-

- A limit to the number of invited guests per resident.
- Restriction on house parties/ gatherings.
- Residence be strictly drug free and residents suspected of using illegal drugs could face eviction.
- Residents to consider the neighbours at all times.
- Prohibition of placing structures on balconies or displaying laundry.
- All complaints to be made to the caretaker or owner of the premises.

A copy of the final set of house rules to be established shall be provided to the Council for its records prior to the issue of the Occupation Certificate.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to promote satisfactory behaviour within the premise.

#### 11. Boarding Houses Act 2012

The use and operation of the premises shall comply with the requirements of the *Boarding Houses Act 2012* and all associated regulations and guideline. Prior to the operation of the premises as a boarding house the premises must be registered with the NSW Department of Fair Trading.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the use and operation complies with the *Boarding Houses Act 2012*.

#### 12. Compliance with Acts and Regulations for shared accommodation

The use and operation of the premises shall comply with the requirements of Part 1 Standards for places of shared accommodation in Schedule 2 Standards enforceable by Orders of the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005* for the construction, maintenance, and operation of places of shared accommodation.

The use of the premises as a boarding house shall comply with the requirements of clause 46 regarding *Sleeping Accommodation of the Public Health Regulation 2012*.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- To ensure compliance with Acts and Regulations for shared accommodation.

#### 13. Occupancy Agreements

No occupation of the premises is to occur without each boarder having a current agreement for a period of at least 3 months.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure that the premises operates within the boarding house use definition of Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010.

#### 14. Operational Plan of Management

The premises shall be operated in accordance with the Draft Plan of Management prepared by Think Planners dated 12 April 2019. Where there is any conflict between the provisions of the operational plan of management and specific conditions of this consent, the specific conditions of this consent shall prevail. The approved plan management is only to be amended with the approval of Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure on-going management of the boarding house is in accordance with the operational plan of management.

#### 15. Motorcycle and bicycle parking spaces

The development shall provide a minimum of five (5) motorcycle parking spaces and an area set aside for at least five (5) bicycle parking space.

Details demonstrating compliance shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority for approval prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure motorcycle and bicycle parking space is provided on site on accommodate the development.

#### 16. **Demolition of buildings**

The building/s shall only be demolished in accordance with the requirements of AS 2601-2001 "The Demolition of Structures".

Amongst others, precautions to be taken shall include compliance with the requirements of the WorkCover Authority of New South Wales, including but not limited to:-

- a) Protection of site workers and the general public.
- b) Erection of hoardings where appropriate.
- c) Asbestos handling and disposal where applicable.
- d) Any disused service connections shall be capped off to Council's requirements.
- e) The disposal of refuse is to be to an approved waste disposal depot.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure protection of the public, environment and to uphold public health standards. This also complies with the requirements of clause 92 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

#### 17. Sedimentation Control

Prior to the commencement of site works, the following measures are to be implemented on the site to assist with sedimentation control during the construction phase of the project:-

- a) A dish shaped diversion drain or similar structure will be constructed above the proposed building works to divert run-off to a stable discharge area such as dense ground cover. This diversion drain is to be lined with turf or otherwise stabilised.
- b) A sediment-trapping fence using a geotechnical fabric specifically designed for such purpose and installed to manufacturer's specifications is to be placed below the construction area.
- c) Vegetation and/or existing building structures will be cleared from the construction site only, other areas to remain undisturbed.
- d) Restricting vehicle access to one designated point and having these driveways adequately covered at all times with blue metal or the like.
- e) A vehicle wheel wash, cattle grid, wheel shaker or other appropriate device, shall be installed prior to commencement of any site works or activities, to prevent mud and dirt leaving the site and being deposited on the street.

f) Stockpiles of topsoil, sand, aggregate, soil or other material shall not be located on any drainage line or easement, natural watercourse, footpath or roadway and shall be protected with adequate sediment controls.

Such measures are to be maintained at all times to the satisfaction of Council. Failure to do so may result in the issue of penalty infringement notices.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to minimise soil erosion and control sediment leaving the site during construction and to prevent water pollution from occurring.

#### 18. Display of a warning sign for soil and water management

Throughout the construction/remediation/demolition period, a warning sign for soil and water management must be displayed on the most prominent point of the building site, visible to both the street and site works.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure all building workers are aware of the need to maintain the sediment and erosion control devices.

#### 19. <u>Items not to be placed on roadway</u>

The following items must not be placed on the footpath, roadway or nature strip at any time:-

- a) Building materials, sand, waste materials or construction equipment;
- b) Bulk bins/waste skips/containers; or
- c) Other items that may cause a hazard to pedestrians.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the public is not inconvenienced, placed in danger and to prevent harm to the environment occurring.

#### 20. Fencing of demolition sites – Rental of road reserve/footpath area

### ic access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary hoarding or fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Hoardings or fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of solid plywood sheeting (painted white) or of cyclone wire fencing with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence, to provide dust control.

Hoardings or fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

# NOTE: Should ANY part of the fence or hoarding encroach beyond the boundaries of the site, it will be necessary to make application to Council for rental of the road reserve/footpath area BEFORE the fence/hoarding is erected.

<u>Reason</u>:- to provide protection to public places and to prevent unauthorised access to the

site.

#### 21. Demolition - Lead Management Work Plan

A Lead Management Work Plan shall be prepared in accordance with *AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures* by a person with suitable expertise and experience and submitted to the PCA or Council for approval prior to the issuing of the Construction Certificate. The Lead Management Work Plan shall outline the identification of any hazardous materials, including surfaces coated with lead paint, method of demolition, the precautions to be employed to minimise any dust nuisance and the disposal methods for hazardous materials. The Lead Management Work Plan shall be prepared in accordance with:-

- a) AS 4361:1998 Guide to lead paint management;
- b) Australian Standard AS 2601: 2001 Demolition of Structures;
- c) Lead Safe A renovator's guide to the dangers of lead, NSW EPA, 1998 (booklet)

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure suitable procedures are employed to manage demolition activities involving lead paint.

#### 22. <u>Demolition – Lead Paint Disposal</u>

The demolition and disposal of materials incorporating lead such as lead paint and dustpaint shall be conducted in accordance with *AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures*. Removal, cleaning and disposal of lead-based paint shall conform with relevant EPA guidelines including the *Lead Safe A renovator's guide to the dangers of lead*, NSW EPA, 1998. Hazardous dust shall not be allowed to escape from the site. Any existing accumulations of dust (eg; ceiling voids and wall cavities) shall be removed by the use of an industrial vacuum fitted with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter. All dusty surfaces and dust created from work shall be suppressed by a fine water spray. Water shall not be allowed to enter the street and stormwater systems. Demolition shall not be performed during high winds, which may cause dust to spread beyond the site boundaries. Please note that Council may require testing to verify that the soil lead levels are below acceptable health criteria.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the disposal and demolition of materials incorporating lead is carried out in a safe manner in accordance with relevant regulations.

#### 23. <u>Demolition – common sewerage system</u>

If the land to which the application relates is served by a common sewerage system that is also used by others, then measures must be placed in effect and prior to the commencement of work to ensure the operation of the sewerage system is without disruption to other joint users.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure demolition activities do not disrupt the operation of the sewerage system for other users of the system.

#### 24. Demolisher Details

The demolisher/owner/applicant shall:-

- a) Lodge with Council, and at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the commencement of work (due to the potential impact on Council's infrastructure):
  - i) Written notice, indicating the date when demolition of the building is to commence.
  - li) The demolisher's full name and address.

- iii) Details of Public Liability Insurance.
- b) Comply with Australian Standard 2601 2001 "Demolition of Structures"; and,
- c) Have a current public liability/risk insurance, and policy details of such shall be submitted to Council for its records.
- d) Ensure that all possible/practicable steps are taken to prevent nuisance to the inhabitants of the surrounding neighbourhood from wind-blown dust, debris, noise and the like arising from the demolition works

This Consent shall not preclude the demolisher from giving notice to other statutory authorities, such as Sydney Water Corporation, WorkCover, etc.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure details of the demolisher are provided to Council and relevant safety requirements are met.

#### 25. <u>Demolition Works – noise and vibration</u>

The following shall be compiled with:-

- a) Vibration levels induced by the demolition activities shall not exceed 1mm/sec peak particle velocity (ppv) when measured at the footing of any occupied building.
- b) Vibration levels induced by the demolition activities shall not exceed 3mmsec peak particle velocity (ppv) when measured at the footing of any unoccupied building.
- c) The upper noise level from the demolition operations measured over a period of 10 minutes must not exceed the background noise level by more than 10dB(A).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure noise and vibration arising from the demolition works does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.

#### 26. Asbestos

- a) In the event that asbestos is on a site or building under demolition or construction, WorkCover NSW is to be contacted to ascertain the appropriate response, to ensure the safety and protection of existing and future workers and residents. An Asbestos Removal Contractor licensed by WorkCover NSW is to handle/remove/transport and dispose of any products containing asbestos in a manner approved of by the Department of Environment and Conservation (DEC). Copies of tipping dockets are to be retained and able for viewing by Council officers on request.
- b) Asbestos material can only be disposed of at a landfill site nominated by Waste Services NSW for that purpose. An appointment must be made with Waste Services NSW to dispose of asbestos materials at the nominated landfill.
- c) Anyone who removes, repairs or disturbs bonded or a friable asbestos material must hold a current removal licence from Workcover NSW. Before starting work, a work sitespecific permit approving each asbestos project must be obtained from Workcover NSW. A permit will not be granted without a current Workcover licence. All removal, repair or disturbance of or to asbestos material must comply with:
  - i) Work Health and Safety Act 2011;
  - ii) The Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011;
  - iii) Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997
  - iv) Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification and Management of Liquid and Non-Liquid Wastes, NSW EPA, May 1999

- v) Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001.
- vi) The Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos [NOHSC: 2002 (1998)];
- vii) The Guide to the Control of Asbestos Hazards in Buildings and Structures [NOHSC: 3002 (1998)] http://www.nohsc.gov.au; and
- viii) The Workcover NSW Guidelines for Licensed Asbestos Removal Contractors.

Note: The Code of Practice and Guide referred to above are known collectively as the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. They are specifically referenced in the Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001 under Clause 259.

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011, the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos are the minimum standards for asbestos removal work.

Council does not control or regulate the Worksafe Code of Practice and Guidance Notes on Asbestos. You should make yourself aware of the requirements by visiting <<u>http://www.workcover.nsw.gov.au></u> or one of Workcover NSW's offices for further advice.

d) In order to ensure safe handling of asbestos materials, the re-use or sale of asbestos building materials is strictly prohibited.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure the safe handling, treatment and disposal of asbestos materials arising from the demolition/construction works.

#### 27. Services to be capped

Prior to the commencement of demolition works, the applicant must ensure that utility services to the land upon which the building to be demolished stands, as well as the building itself, are terminated and capped in accordance with the requirements of supply authority, eg. Electricity-Supplier of Electricity to the subject premises, Gas-Supplier of Gas to the subject premises.

*<u>Reason</u>*:- to ensure all services are capped adequately.

#### 28. Site to be kept in a clean condition

Upon completion of demolition works and if no new building works are commenced on site, the site shall be kept in a clean manner with landscaping and fencing to the satisfaction of Council.

<u>Reason</u>: to control soil erosion, and not have any unsightly views.

#### 29. Neighbour 24 notification of commencement of demolition

Prior to the commencement of work the applicant shall provide 24 hours notice in writing to the neighbours adjoining and opposite the site of the intended time and date of the start of the demolition work.

*<u>Reason</u>*:- to ensure details of the demolisher are provided to neighbours.

#### 30. Mail Box Structure

An Australia Post approved lockable mail box structure(s) shall be centrally located to the primary street entry of the site.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure compliance with Council's Development Control Plan requirements.

#### 31. Television Aerial/Satellite Dish

A single common television aerial, and/or satellite dish (having a maximum diameter of 700mm and not located on the front or street elevation of the building) is to be installed to serve the development.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the provision of these services does not impact on the finished appearance of the development.

#### 32. Sydney Water Approval

The approved development application plans must be accompanied by a valid Building Plan Assessment Approval Receipt. This receipt can be acquired through the "Sydney Water Tap" in system by the Sydney Water Authority.

Please refer to the web site <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u> for:

- Information on the "Sydney Water Tap in" system and
- Registering and applying for the approval receipt for the Proposed Building Plan.

or telephone 13 20 92.

#### Note:

The consent authority or accredited certifier must either:

• ensure that a valid approval receipt has been obtained from Sydney Water before the issue of any Construction Certificate (receipt valid usually 1 year from the date of issue); or

• if there is a combined Development/Construction Certificate application, ensure that a valid approval receipt has been obtained prior to works commencing on site.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure the development does not damage or interfere with Sydney Water assets.

#### 33. Arrangements for Water and Sewer Services

A Section 73 Compliance Certificate under the Sydney Water Act 1994 must be obtained.

# Application must be made through an authorised Water Servicing Coordinator. Please refer to "Your Business" section of Sydney Water's web site at <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u> then the "e-developer" icon or telephone 132 092.

Following application a "Notice of Requirements" will detail water and sewer extensions to be built or charges to be paid. Please make early contact **with the Coordinator**, since building of water/sewer extensions can be time consuming and may impact on other services and building, driveway or landscaping design.

The Section 73 Certificate must be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) **prior to release of the final plan of subdivision or occupation of the development**.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that adequate water and sewer services can be provided to the site.

#### 34. Arrangements for Electricity and Telephone Services

Satisfactory arrangements are to be made with Energy Australia, Telstra and/or Optus for the

provision of services to and within the subject land. Written evidence of such arrangements shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) prior to the issue of the construction certificate.

NOTE: Prior to works commencing, the applicant is advised to contact each provider to determine the location of various services to avoid damage occurring.

*Reason*:- to ensure these services are available to the site.

#### 35. Intruder Alarms

Any intruder alarm at the premises shall be fitted with a timing device in accordance with the requirements of Section 53 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control) Regulation 2000.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to prevent ongoing noise arising from intruder alarms and ensure compliance with relevant legislation.

#### 36. <u>Air conditioning units – location and acoustics</u>

- a) Air conditioning units are not to be visible from the street or public place and are not to obscure windows/window frames or architectural features of the building.
- b) The operation of air conditioning units shall be so:
  - (i) as not to cause "offensive noise" as defined under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997;
  - (ii) as to be inaudible at the nearest affected residence between the hours of 10.00pm and 7.00am on weekdays and 10.00pm and 8.00am on weekends and public holidays;
  - (iii) as not to discharge a condensate or moisture onto the ground surface of the premises or into a stormwater drainage system in contravention of the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- c) Should Council receive noise complaints from neighbouring residents in relation to the air conditioning units, Council may issue a Noise Notice. Such notice may require you to engage the services of a competent and appropriately qualified Acoustic Consultant to undertake a noise level assessment of the air conditioning unit. If the unit is assessed as exceeding the permitted noise criteria, you may be directed to provide noise attenuation measures such as an acoustic enclosure and/or relocation of the unit.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure that air conditioning units associated with the development are appropriately located and do not detract from the appearance of the buildings and to ensure the operation of air conditioning units does not adversely impact on the acoustic amenity of the locality.

#### 37. Noise and Vibration

The use of the premises shall not give rise to any of the following when measured or assessed at "sensitive" positions within any other property. These "sensitive" positions should be selected to reflect the typical use of a property (ie any outdoor areas for day and evening but closer to the façade at night time), unless other positions can be shown to be more relevant.

- a) 'offensive noise' as defined in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- b) transmission of vibration to any place of different occupancy above the requirements of

AS2670.

- c) a sound pressure LAeq, period at any noise sensitive position of any other premises or occupancy greater than the recommended amenity noise criteria detailed in the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy.
- d) a sound pressure LAeq,15min at any noise sensitive position greater than the intrusiveness criteria determined in accordance with the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy and does not contain any tones, low frequency or impulsive factors as defined in the Department of Environment and Conservation, New South Wales (EPA) Industrial Noise Policy table 4.1.

For assessment purposes, the above  $L_{Aeq}$  sound levels shall be assessed over a period of 10-15 minutes and adjusted in accordance with EPA guidelines for tonality, frequency weighting, impulsive characteristics, fluctuations and temporal content where necessary.

*<u>Reason</u>*:- to ensure adequate acoustic amenity in the locality.

#### 38. Irrigation to Landscape Areas

All landscaped communal open spaces shall be provided with a water efficient (drip or similar) irrigation system.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure common landscaped areas within the development are provided with adequate irrigation.

#### 39. Side/Rear Boundary Fencing

Fences located on the side or rear boundaries of the premises, behind the main building setback (not within the front yard), shall not exceed a maximum height of 1.8 metres.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to maintain reasonable levels of amenity to the adjoining premises.

#### 40. Fencing/gates and adjoining land

There must be no encroachment of any part of the structure/s onto the adjoining premises or onto Council's road reserve, footway or public place. Any gate openings shall be constructed so that the gates, when hung, will be fitted in such a manner that they will not open over the footway or public place.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the fence/gates do not restrict access and that encroachments do not occur.

#### 41. Surveillance tapes:

The surveillance tapes captured by the CCTV cameras shall be kept for a period of 14 days for viewing by the police upon request with the recording device located in a secure area to maintain the integrity of the recorded footage.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to improve public safety late at night and to maintain the integrity of the recorded footage.

#### 42. Driveway /Ramp design

Access driveway

**Prior to issue of any construction certificate** amended plans addressing following shall be submitted to and approved by Principal Certifying Authority

- d) Minimum 2.2m headroom shall be provided along the access ramp. Head room shall be measured perpendicular to the wheelbase as shown on the Figure 5.3 of AS 2890.1. Head room details shall be marked on the plan. In this regard, detail longitudinal sections of the access ramp along both internal and external curve to a scale of 1:20 shall be submitted.
- e) Basement access ramp alignment shall be annotated on the Ground level plan.
- f) All the obstruction including any structural columns and beams in the vicinity of the stairs 5 shall be clear of the head room clearance area along the access ramp.
- g) Driveway shall be 10.0 at the site boundary.
- h) Service bay gradient shall be limited 1:25 (4%) in accordance with Australian standard AS2890.2.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure driveway design complies with Council's requirements and to minimise the impact on street traffic.

#### 43. Stormwater disposal

Stormwater generated from the subject development shall be discharged by gravity system as per the approved plan.

<u>Reason:-</u> to prevent localised flooding.

#### 44. Surface runoff

Allowances shall be made for surface runoff from adjacent properties, and to retain existing surface flow path systems through the site. Any redirection or treatment of these flows shall not adversely affect any other property.

<u>Reason:-</u> to prevent adverse impact on adjoining properties.

#### 45. <u>Submission of full stormwater disposal details</u>

Full stormwater drainage details showing the proposed method of stormwater collection and disposal are to be submitted to Council or the Accredited Certifier to ensure the approved stormwater plans are incorporated with the Construction Certificate.

The details shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person and must be in accordance "Auburn Development Control Plans 2010 - Stormwater Drainage" and "Australian Rainfall & Runoff 1987". In this regard,

i. The proposed stormwater system shall be generally in accordance with the stormwater concept plans **approved as part of the deferred commencement** 

#### condition.

i. All access grates to the detention facility shall be double (2/900x450) hinged grates.

Note: "Auburn Development Control Plans 2010 - Stormwater Drainage" is available to purchase at Council or the document can be found at Auburn Council's web page www.auburn.nsw.gov.au

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the stormwater is suitably discharged.

#### 46. Structural Engineering Certificate

The applicant shall submit a structural engineer's certificate of adequacy verifying that the works as detailed on the approved plans for the storage tank have been completed under his/her supervision and that the design is adequate to support the anticipated design loads. The certificate shall be submitted to Council with the works-as-executed plan.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the construction is structurally adequate.

#### 47. Stormwater disposal – on-site detention

On-site stormwater detention storage is to be provided in conjunction with the stormwater disposal. The storage is to comply with Council's on-site stormwater detention parameters. Where multiple detention basins with differing top water levels are used, the basins must be routed to the outlet pit independent of each other.

A positive covenant under Section 88E of the Conveyancing Act is to be created on the title of the property detailing the on-site stormwater detention system incorporated in the development. The wording of the instrument is to be submitted and approved by Council prior to lodgement at the NSW Land Registry Services. Evidence confirming the positive covenant has been registered shall be submitted to Council **prior to occupation of the building or issue of the occupation certificate.** 

Work as executed plan(s) and engineers certifications shall be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the endorsement of Positive Covenant.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to prevent localised flooding by ensuring the detention system is maintained as designed.

#### 48. <u>Maintenance schedule – OSD</u>

Prior to the issue of the occupation certificate, a maintenance schedule of the proposed on-site detention facility shall be submitted to Council for approval with the stormwater work-as executed plan. This maintenance schedule shall be registered as part of the positive covenant.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the onsite detention facility is in good working order

49. Annual maintenance inspection of OSD

Annual maintenance inspection summary of the onsite detention with associated certificates shall be sent to Council within the first month of every calendar year. In this regard:

- All critical inspections shall be carried out by a qualified person.
- A maintenance log book shall be maintained as per the approved maintenance schedule on site and readily available for inspection by a Council officer.
- All associated cost shall be borne by the owner

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the onsite detention facility is in good working order

#### 50. <u>Engineer Certificate for critical pump</u>

A certificate from a practising hydraulic engineer verifying that the stormwater pump installation and the design with the executed levels shall be submitted to the Council with the work as executed plan prior to the release of Occupation Certificate.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure the system has been constructed Council's standards and specifications.

#### 51. <u>Basement drainage system</u>

## Basement drainage is to comply with "Auburn development control plans 2010 stormwater drainage". In this regard:

- a) Two pump units being installed, the capacity of each being calculated on t basis of a hundred year storm recurrence interval and a storm duration of 5 (fiv minutes, one pump acting in reserve capacity.
- a) The two pumps being designed to work on an alternate basis to ensure that bc pumps receive equal usage and neither pump remains continuously idle.
- b) A holding well being provided within the basement, of sufficient capacity to stc the discharge based on a hundred year storm recurrence interval and sto duration of ninety minutes. In addition to this an above ground storage shall provided up to a hundred year storm recurrence interval and storm duration two hours. The holding well is to be designed so that a minimum volume of wal is retained in the well for health reasons when the pumps are in the "off" positi or if there is a break in electrical supply.

- c) A storm of two hours' duration has been adopted as a basis for determining t size of the well, the assumption being that electrical supply will be reinstat within this period.
- d) The pump out system is to be independent of any gravity drainage lines, exce at the property boundary where a grated surface pit is to be constructed frc which a connection will be permitted to the gravity drainage system. The invollevels of the pipes in the grated surface pit are to be such that the outlet from t pump out system is above the inlet of the gravity system.
- e) Storage areas and areas used for purposes other than car parking or acce aisles are to be constructed a minimum of 100mm above the top water level.
- f) The contributing catchment area to the pump out system is to be limited to t access ramp area only and subsoil drainage.

#### Reason:- to prevent localised flooding.

#### 52. <u>Footpath Construction – Kerrs Road</u>

The footpath adjoining Kerrs Road frontage shall be reconstructed in accordance with the Council's Standard footpath construction requirements. Site boundary line levels shall be raised to the boundary line levels, with satisfactory end-transitions provided.

• Detail footpath design shall be submitted and approved by Council's Works and Services section <u>prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.</u>

- Street boundary levels obtained from Council shall be incorporated in the design.
- The details of construction requirements shall be requested from the Council prior to commencement of construction.
- Formwork inspection and footpath inspection shall be carried out by Council.
- All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant.
- The footpat shall be constructed at the completion of works and finished to the satisfaction of Council <u>prior to the issue of an Occupation certificate.</u>
- All associated cost shall be borne by the applicant

<u>Reason</u>:- to provide a safe footpath for increased pedestrian use and one that will complement the Cumberland Council requirements

#### 53. Reinstatement of footpath and footpath crossing

The footpath and footpath crossing/s adjacent to the property shall be reinstated by Council at the completion of works with all costs being borne by the developer. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the footpath and the footpath crossings are repaired from any damage caused during the construction phase.

#### 54. Vehicle Driveway Crossings and Gutter Laybacks

Arrangements shall be made with Council for the prepaid construction of vehicular crossings and gutter laybacks at all property entrances and exits, and for the removal of all disused driveway crossings and gutter laybacks. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council. The gutter crossing and/or the removal of any redundant crossings must be constructed to the satisfaction of Council (and to the Council's specifications including payment of any required bonds) or the prepayment made to Council for Council to carry out the work, prior to the issue of <u>any</u> occupation certificate.

Removal of obstructions, such as power poles, trees, drainage pits and the like shall be carried out at the applicant's expense.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that works are carried out in accordance with Council's standard.

#### 55. Carrying capacity of driveways – Heavy duty

Suitable heavy-duty driveway crossings are to be installed at all ingress/egress points to the property at the applicant's cost by Council. Alternatives to the pre-payment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council. The gutter crossing and/or the removal of any redundant crossings must be constructed to the satisfaction of Council (and to the Council's specifications including payment of any required bonds) or the prepayment made to Council for Council to carry out the work, prior to the issue of any occupation certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the driveways can support the expected weight of heavy vehicles likely to frequent the site.

#### 56. Street boundary levels

Street boundary levels for vehicle access and drainage purposes are to be obtained at the applicant's cost from Council's Service Planning Department prior to commencement of any works. These levels are to be incorporated in all drainage submissions required under this determination.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the correct levels are obtained and used for the development.

#### 57. Road opening permit

Prior to commencement of any work on Council roads and footpaths, a road-opening permit shall be obtained from Council's Service Planning Department.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to safeguard Council property against damage.

#### 58. **Restoration works**

Prior to commencement of any excavation work on Council roads or footpaths, the applicant shall pay for all restoration costs. The area of restoration shall be determined on site between the applicant or its contractor and Council's Contracts & Maintenance Engineer.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that Council's infrastructure is maintained in a safe and trafficable manner.

#### 59. Redundant driveway

<u>Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate</u>, redundant driveway shall be removed and replaced with footpath and kerb & gutter at no cost to Council. Nature strip area also be restored at applicants cost.

Arrangements shall be made with Council's Service Planning Department for the prepaid for the removal of all disused driveway crossings and gutter laybacks. Alternatives to the prepayment for this work will be considered if written request is made to Council.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure Council's assets are restored in accordance with Council's standard.

#### 60. Works within Council controlled lands

(1) For drainage works:

- a) Within Council controlled lands.
- a) Connecting to Council's stormwater drainage system.

Inspections will be required:-

- i) After the excavation of pipeline trenches.
- i) After the laying of all pipes prior to backfilling.
- ii) After the completion of all pits and connection points.
- (2) A minimum of 48 hours' notice shall be given to Council to inspect works. Inspections may be arranged by telephoning Council's Works and Services Section during office hours.

(3) Work is not to proceed until the works are inspected and approved by Council.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure works on public/Council controlled lands are carried out as per Council's requirements.

#### 61. Car parking to Comply with Approved Details

The area set aside for the parking of vehicles, and so delineated on the plan prepared by Moma and endorsed plan Drawing No A1.02, dated 20.05.2019, shall not be used for any other purpose. A minimum of 21 parking spaces (4 of which are accessible) shall be maintained for parking purposes at all times.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the car parking area is not used for purposes other than the parking of cars associated with the use.

#### 62. Vehicles Driven in Forward Direction (except garbage truck)

All vehicles must be driven in a forward direction at all times when entering or leaving the premises.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to preserve and enhance the safe operation of the car parking area.

#### 63. Works-as-Executed Plan

Prior to occupation of the building or issue of the occupation certificate, two (2) copies of the Works-as-Executed (W.A.E.) Plan prepared by a registered surveyor and certified by the design engineer shall be submitted to Council. The W.A.E. plan shall show (where applicable) :-

- i) Whether all works have been completed generally with the approved drainage plans.
- ii) Any departure from the approved plan and conditions.
- iii) Any additional work that has been undertaken.
- iv) Location, levels and sizes of pipes and pits.
- v) Finished floor and finished surface levels. The location of finished levels should in general correspond with those shown on Council's approved drainage plan.
- vi) Basement pump out volumes.

NOTE: The WAE surface level shall be taken after all landscaping has been completed.

In this regard

- The above information is to be superimposed on a full sized copy of Council approved drainage plan and is to be submitted to Council.
- Checklists A3, A4 & A5 in the appendix of the "Auburn development control plans 2000 stormwater drainage" shall be completed and shall be certified by the practicing hydraulic engineer and the registered surveyor.

<u>Reason:-</u> to account for minor variations and to ensure Council has the final details.

#### 64. Footpath /Nature strip maintenance during and after construction

The footpath and nature strip within the street frontages shall be maintained during the period of construction to Council's satisfaction.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure pedestrian safety during the construction period.

#### 65. Traffic Management

A traffic management plan prepared by a suitably qualified person shall be submitted to and approved by Council for all demolition, excavation and construction activities associated with the development **prior to commencement of any work within the subject development** <u>site.</u>

<u>Reason:-</u> to minimise the impact on local road network.

#### 66. Headroom clearance – within the Basement

The headroom clearance within the basement shall comply with the usage. In this regard, minimum 4.0m shall be provided in waste collection area and associated turning area. Other

areas shall comply with AS 2890.1 and 2890.6 requirements.

Detail plans showing the compliance of above requirements shall be submitted and approved by the Principle Certifying Authority **prior to issue of a Construction Certificate.** 

<u>*Reason*</u>: to ensure headroom clearance complies with Australian Standards AS 2890.1 AS2890.6 and Council's DCP.

#### 67. Ramp gradients

Circulation ramp grades shall comply with section 2.5.3 of the Australian Standard AS2890.1:2004. In this regard detail longitudinal section of the ramps to a scale of 1:20, shall be submitted to and approved by the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.** 

Copy of the approved plan shall be submitted to Council.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> to ensure the access ramps comply with Australian Standard AS28890.1:2004.

#### 68. Service relocation / Adjustment

The applicant shall locate any utility services affected by the proposal and shall be responsible for any damage to, or relocation of services required by the proposal including adjustment to the levels of pit lids etc. All works shall be carried out to the satisfaction of the relevant Authority or Council.

All the costs shall be borne by the applicant.

<u>Reason:-</u> to protect utility services

#### 69. BASIX Requirements

Under Clause 97A(3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000, it is a condition of this development consent that all the commitments listed in each relevant BASIX Certificate for the development are fulfilled. In this condition:-

- a) Relevant BASIX Certification means:
  - i) A BASIX Certificate that was applicable to the development when this development consent was granted (or, if the development consent is modified under Section 96 of the Act, a BASIX Certificate that is applicable to the development when this development consent is modified) or;
  - ii) If a replacement BASIX Certificate accompanies any subsequent application for a construction certificate, the replacement BASIX Certificate; and
- b) BASIX Certificate has the meaning given to that term in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2000.

<u>*Reason:-*</u> To comply with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations.

#### 70. Erection of Signs

A rigid and durable sign must be erected in a prominent position on any site on which building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out:-

- a) showing the name, address and telephone number of the principal certifying authority for the work, and
- b) showing the name of the principal contractor (if any) for any building work and a telephone number on which that person may be contacted outside working hours, and
- c) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is prohibited.

Any such sign is to be maintained while the building work, subdivision work or demolition work is being carried out, but must be removed when the work has been completed.

Note: Principal certifying authorities and principal contractors must also ensure that signs required by this clause are erected and maintained (see clause 227A which currently imposes a maximum penalty of \$1,100.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Clause 98A and 136B of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulations.

#### 71. Notice to Allow Inspections

To allow a principal certifying authority or another certifying authority time to carry out critical stage inspections or any other inspections required by the principal certifying authority, the principal contractor for a building site, or the owner-builder, must notify the principal certifying authority at least 48 hours before building work is commenced at the site if a critical stage inspection is required before the commencement of the work.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Clause 163 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation.

#### 72. Replacement of Principal Certifying Authorities

Unless the relevant authority so approves in writing, a person may not be appointed to replace another person as the principal certifying authority for development.

A principal certifying authority appointed to replace another principal certifying authority must ensure that notice of the appointment and of the approval of that appointment is given to the consent authority (and, if the consent authority is not the council, to the council) within 2 days of the appointment.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended) and clause 162 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation.

#### 73. Insurance requirements under the Home Building Act 1989

A contract of insurance for residential building work must be in force before any building works commence, where the works are being undertaken by a builder and tradesperson and the works have a market value of greater than \$20,000 *(or as varied from time to time by the Home Building Act 1989).* 

Where the contract price or the reasonable market cost of the labour and materials involved does not exceed \$20,000, there is no legal requirement for home warranty insurance to be obtained.

Contractors who carry out residential building work must still hold an appropriate licence with Fair Trading where the labour and materials involved are valued at over \$1,000.

Home owners should be wary of any builder or tradesperson who says they do not need insurance if the value of work exceeds \$20,000, or who suggests you obtain an ownerbuilder permit while they carry out the work for you.

NOTE: Evidence of the contract of insurance or owner builder permit, if required, must be submitted with the application for construction certificate. The construction certificate will not be released by Council unless this evidence is provided.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with Clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

#### 74. Compliance with the Building Code of Australia

All building work must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia and to comply with Clause 98 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

#### 75. **Provision of Street Numbers**

A street number is to be displayed in a prominent position at the entrance to the premises. Numbers are to be of a colour contrasting with the wall to which they are affixed.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to clearly identify the street number of the property.

#### 76. Principal Certifying Authority

- 1) The person having the benefit of a development consent or complying development certificate for development involving building work or subdivision work may appoint the consent authority, the council or an accredited certifier as the principal certifying authority for the development.
- 1A) Despite subsection (1), such an appointment may not be made by any contractor or other person who will carry out the building work or subdivision work unless the contractor or other person is the owner of the land on which the work is to be carried out.
- 2) Despite subsection (1), an accredited certifier must not be appointed as the principal certifying authority for development involving subdivision work unless the subdivision to which the work relates is of a kind identified by an environmental planning instrument as one in respect of which an accredited certifier may be a certifying authority.
- 3) A principal certifying authority for building work or subdivision work to be carried out on a site is required to be satisfied:
  - a) that a construction certificate or complying development certificate has been issued for such of the building work or subdivision work as requires development consent and over which the principal certifying authority has control, before the work commences on the site, and
  - b) that the principal contractor for the work is the holder of the appropriate licence and is covered by the appropriate insurance, in each case if required by the

Home Building Act 1989, before any residential building work over which the principal certifying authority has control commences on the site, unless the work is to be carried out by an owner-builder, and

- c) that the owner-builder is the holder of any owner-builder permit required under the *Home Building Act 1989*, before an owner-builder commences on the site any residential building work over which the principal certifying authority has control, and
- d) that building work or subdivision work on the site has been inspected by the principal certifying authority or another certifying authority on such occasions (if any) as are prescribed by the regulations and on such other occasions as may be required by the principal certifying authority, before the principal certifying authority issues an occupation certificate or subdivision certificate for the building or work, and
- e) that any preconditions required by a development consent or complying development certificate to be met for the work before the issue of an occupation certificate or subdivision certificate have been met, before the principal certifying authority issues the occupation certificate or subdivision certificate.
- 4) A principal certifying authority must also comply with such other requirements of a like or different nature as may be imposed on principal certifying authorities by the regulations.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

#### 77. Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority/Notice of Commencement of Work

Site works are not to commence until:-

- a) a construction certificate for the building work has been issued by the consent authority, and
- b) the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
  - i) appointed a principal certifying authority for the building work, and
  - ii) notified the principal certifying authority that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case, and
- b1) the principal certifying authority has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
  - i) notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment, and
  - ii) notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and
- b2) the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:
  - i) appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and
  - ii) notified the principal certifying authority of any such appointment, and
  - iii) unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work, and

c) the person having the benefit of the development consent has given at least 2 days' notice to the council of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 4.19, 6.6, 6.7, 6.12, 6.13, 6.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

#### 78. No alteration without prior Council approval

The completed building is not to be altered externally in character or colour without the prior consent of Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the external appearance of the development is not obtrusive or offensive and does not degrade the visual quality of the surrounding area.

#### 79. Submission of Construction Certificate

Construction works are not to commence until such time that a construction certificate for the proposed works has been issued by Council or an Accredited Certifier.

Where an Accredited Certifier issues a construction certificate, a copy of the following documents must be forwarded to Council within 2 days of issue, together with payment of the Council's adopted registration fee: determination; application to which it relates; construction certificate issued; plans and specifications; any fire safety schedule; and any other documents lodged with the certificate.

Any modification involving building works to the approved development made under Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended) requires the submission of an amended construction certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 4.19, 6.6, 6.7, 6.12, 6.13, 6.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended) and clause 142 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

#### 80. Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act

The Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992 commenced the 'Disability (Access for Premises – Buildings) Standards 2010' on 1 May 2011 and now applies to all new buildings and affected parts of existing buildings. Submission and/or approval of this application does not imply or confer compliance with either the Act or the new Access Standard. Applicants should satisfy themselves and make their own inquiries to the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission.

<u>*Reason:*</u> to provide advice on the requirements of the Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992

#### 81. Disabled Access & Facilities

Access and facilities for people with disabilities must be provided in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Building Code of Australia (for all new building work) and in addition, with the relevant requirements of the 'Disability (Access to Premises – Building) Standards 2010' (including for existing buildings, whether or not any works are proposed). Details of the proposed access, facilities and car parking for people with disabilities are to be included in the plans/specifications for the **construction certificate**.

<u>Reason</u>: to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Building Code of Australia

#### 82. <u>Removal of Litter</u>

In addition to Council's street sweeping and cleansing operations, the owner/manager of the building shall ensure that the footpath, gutter, building entry and surrounds are kept clean and clear of litter at all times.

<u>Reason</u>:- to maintain a satisfactory level of amenity in the locality.

#### 83. Water Pollution

The operation of the premises shall be conducted in a manner which does not pollute waters as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to protect waterways and stormwater systems from pollution.

#### 84. Amenity

The operation of the premises shall be conducted in such a manner as not to interfere with or materially affect the amenity of the neighbourhood by reason of noise, vibration, odour, fumes, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste products, grit, oil, or otherwise.

<u>Reason</u>:- to protect the amenity of the locality.

#### 85. Light Overspill

Any lighting on the site shall be designed so as not to cause nuisance to other residences in the area or to motorists on nearby roads, and to ensure no adverse impact on the amenity of the surrounding area by light overspill. All lighting shall comply with AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure light overspill arising from the development does not interfere with the amenity of the locality and complies with relevant Australian Standards.

#### 86. Roller doors and shutters – silent operation

The roller doors or other shutters to the car park shall operate silently and be appropriately maintained.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure quiet operation and ongoing maintenance to car park doors.

#### 87. Off-site soil disposal

Any soil disposed of offsite shall be classified in accordance with the procedures in the NSW EPA Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification & Management of Liquid & Non-Liquid Wastes (1999).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure soil disposed off-site is classified in accordance with relevant EPA requirements.

#### 88. Discovery of additional information during remediation, demolition or construction

Any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination shall be notified to the Council and the PCA immediately.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure Council is informed of any new information relevant to site conditions and site contamination associated with the development.

#### 89. Submission of Acoustic Report – Road Traffic Noise

An Acoustic Report addressing road traffic noise shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate. A copy of the report shall also be provided to Council for records. The Acoustic Report shall address:-

- a) NSW Environmental Protection Authority's Environmental Criteria for Road and Traffic Noise 1999;
- b) Australian Standard 2107 Acoustics Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors;
- c) Australian Standard 3671-189 Acoustics Road Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Siting and Construction.

Please note that any acoustic measures or building design and construction amendments required as a result of the Acoustic Report that conflict with the approved plans and conditions of consent may require the submission of a Section 96 Application to Council.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure adequate acoustic amenity to the development and ensure that the development is constructed in accordance with relevant Australian Standards.

#### 90. Construction/Demolition Hours

Site works, building works and demolition works, including the delivery of materials or equipment to and from the property are to be carried out between the hours of 7.00 am and 6.00 p.m. only from Mondays to Fridays and between 8.00 am and 4.00 p.m. only on Saturdays. No construction works or deliveries for the construction are to take place on Sundays or public holidays.

Prior to commencement of any demolition or construction work the applicant is to erect signs on the site, which are clearly visible from the footpaths adjoining the site boundaries, which state the permitted construction/demolition hours. These signs must also state "Any instances of site works, building works, demolition works or deliveries outside the permitted hours can be reported to Cumberland Council on 8757 9000 during office hours or 0417-287-113 outside office hours".

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to reduce nuisance to the surrounding properties during the construction period.

#### 91. Dial before you dig (advisory)

Dial Before You Dig is a free national community service designed to prevent damage and disruption to the vast pipe and cable networks which provides Australia with the essential services we use everyday – electricity, gas, communications and water.

Before you dig call "Dial before you dig" on 1100 (listen to the prompts) or facsimile 1300 652 077 (with your street no./name, side of street and the distance to the nearest cross street) or register on line at www.dialbeforeyoudig.com.au for underground utility services information for any excavation areas.

The Dial Before You Dig service is also designed to protect Australia's excavators. Whether you are a back yard renovator, an individual tradesman or a professional excavator the potential for injury, personal liability and even death exists every day. Obtaining accurate information about your work site significantly minimises these risks.

<u>*Reason*</u>: To ensure that essential services such as electricity, gas, communications and water are not affected by excavation or construction.

#### 92. Noise from construction activities

Noise from construction activities associated with the development shall comply with the NSW Interim Construction Noise Guidelines (DECCW) 2009.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure noise arising from construction activities is in accordance with relevant legislation and Environment Protection Authority requirements.

#### 93. Excavations extending below the base of footings of adjoining development

Where excavations extend below the level of the base of the footings of a building on an adjoining allotment of land, the person causing the excavation must preserve and protect the building from damage and, if necessary, underpin and support the adjoining building in an approved manner. The person causing the excavation must give the owner of the adjoining property at least seven (7) days written notice of its intention to excavate below the level of the base of the footing. The person must also furnish the adjoining property owner with particulars of the proposed work.

*<u>Reason</u>*:- to ensure the support for neighbouring buildings.

#### 94. Engineering Design – Basement Excavation

The following engineering details or design documentation (where appropriate) shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) **prior to the issuing of a construction certificate:-**

- a) Documentary evidence prepared by a suitably qualified *professional geotechnical engineer* shall be submitted to the certifying authority, that confirms the suitability and stability of the site for the proposed excavation and building as well as certifying the suitably and adequacy of the proposed design and construction of the building for the site.
- b) A report shall be prepared by a *professional engineer* and submitted to the certifying authority prior to the issuing of a construction certificate, detailing the proposed methods of excavation, shoring or pile construction, including details of vibration emissions and detailing any possible damage which may occur to adjoining or nearby premises that may be caused by the proposed building and excavation works.

Any practices or procedures specified in the engineer's report in relation to the avoidance or minimisation of structural damage to nearby premises, are to be fully complied with and incorporated into the plans and specifications for the **construction certificate**.

A copy of the engineer's report is to be submitted to the Council, if the Council is not the certifying authority.

c) Driven type piles/shoring must not be provided unless a geotechnical engineer's report is submitted to the certifying authority, prior to the issuing of a construction certificate, which states that damage should not occur to any adjoining premises and public place as a result of the works.

d) The installation of ground or rock anchors underneath any adjoining premises including (a public roadway or public place) must not be carried out without the specific written consent of the owners of the affected adjoining premises and (where applicable) details of compliance must be provided to the certifying authority **prior to the commencement of any excavation or building works**.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the proposed method of excavation is suitable for the site and to prevent damage from occurring to adjoining premises.

#### 95. Dilapidation Report - Prior to Excavation of Basement

A dilapidation report prepared by a *professional engineer* or suitably qualified building professional shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority **prior to the commencement of demolition, excavation or building works.** 

The report shall detail the current condition and status of all buildings, including ancillary structures (*i.e. including dwellings, residential flat buildings, commercial/industrial building, garages, carports, verandahs, fences, retaining walls, swimming pools and driveways etc.*) located upon all of the premises adjoining the subject site

The report is to be supported with photographic evidence of the status of the buildings and a copy of the report must also be forwarded to the Council and to the owners of each of the above stated premises, prior to the commencement of any works. The applicant shall bear the full cost of this report.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to enable the monitoring of any potential damage that may be caused to adjoining premises as a result of excavating and building in close proximity to the adjoining premises.

#### 96. Fencing of Construction Sites – Rental details to be provided to the PCA

Public access to the site and building works, materials and equipment on the site is to be restricted, when work is not in progress or the site is unoccupied.

A temporary hoarding or fence is to be provided to protect the public, located to the perimeter of the site (unless the site is separated from the adjoining land by an existing structurally adequate fence, having a minimum height of 1.5 metres). Hoardings or fences are to have a minimum height of 1.8 metres and be constructed of solid plywood sheeting (painted white) or of cyclone wire fencing with geotextile fabric attached to the inside of the fence, to provide dust control.

Hoardings or fences are to be structurally adequate and be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner and the use of poor quality materials or steel reinforcement mesh as fencing is not permissible.

The public safety provisions and temporary fences must be in place prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or building works and be maintained throughout construction.

NOTE: Should ANY part of the fence or hoarding encroach beyond the boundaries of the site, it will be necessary to:-

- Make payment to Council for the rental of the road reserve area in accordance with Council's adopted charges (per metre per month minimum 3 months) BEFORE the fence/hoarding is erected.
- Supply evidence that the road reserve rental fee has been paid to the PCA and to

#### any authorised Council officer.

#### • Comply with Council's specifications for the erection of Class A Hoardings.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to provide protection to public places and to prevent unauthorised access to the site.

#### 97. Excavated and Filled Areas

All excavated and filled areas shall be battered to a slope not steeper than two (2) horizontal to one (1) vertical and the fill area shall continue a minimum of one metre past the edge of the house, or similarly be retained in accordance with a retaining wall detail approved by Council. In the event that the retaining wall exceeds 600 mm when measured vertically from the base of the cut, the wall shall be designed by a practicing Structural Engineer, the details submitted to Council, and approved prior to work commencing.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to adequately retain excavated and filled areas and prevent soil movement, which may be detrimental to the subject or adjoining premises.

#### 98. Survey Report

A Registered Surveyors check survey certificate is to be forwarded to the Principal Certifying Authority (and a copy is to be forwarded to the Council, if the Council is not the principal certifying authority), detailing compliance with Council's approval at the **following stage/s of construction**:

#### (Setbacks and levels at commencement)

a) Prior to construction of the first completed floor/floor slab (prior to pouring of concrete), showing the area of land, building and boundary setbacks and verifying that the building is being constructed at the approved levels.

#### (Setbacks and levels at completion)

b) On completion of the erection of the building showing the area of the land, the position of the building and boundary setbacks and verifying that the building has been constructed at the approved levels.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure each stage of the development complies with the approved plans.

#### 99. <u>Toilet accommodation for people working at the site</u>

Suitable toilet accommodation is to be provided at the work site at all times. If temporary toilet accommodation is proposed, it must:-

- Have a hinged door capable of being fastened from both inside and outside,
- Be constructed of weatherproof material,
- Have a rigid and impervious floor; and
- Have a receptacle for, and supply of, deodorising fluid.

<u>Reason</u>:- to ensure suitable toilet accommodation is provided for workers.

#### 100. Sign to be erected concerning unauthorised entry to the site

A sign must be erected in a prominent position stating that unauthorised entry to the site is not permitted. The sign must also name the builder or other person responsible for the site and a telephone number at which the builder or other person can be contacted outside working hours. Where Council is not the Principal Certifying Authority, the sign shall also display the name and contact details of the nominated Principal Certifying Authority. The sign is to be removed when the building works have been completed.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to restrict public access to the site and to provide suitable contact details in a clear and conspicuous position.

#### 101. Maintain plans on-site

A copy of the construction certificate, the approved plans & specifications and development consent conditions must be kept on the site at all times and be available to the Council officers upon request.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure a record of the approved plans are readily available.

#### 102. Infrastructure Fee

The infrastructure inspection fee in accordance with Councils Fees and Charges Schedule shall be paid prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>: to contribute to the cost of inspection and identification of any damage to Council's infrastructure as a result of the development.

#### 103. Prior to the issue of the construction certificate

The following structural engineering details or design documentation (where appropriate) shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or accredited certifier) prior to the issue of the construction certificate:

- a) Reinforced concrete strip footings.
- b) Reinforced concrete raft slab.
- c) Suspended reinforced concrete slabs.
- d) Structural steelwork.
- e) Structural timber work exceeding the design parameters of AS1684-1999 "Residential timber-framed construction".
- f) Upper floor joist layout
- g) Retaining walls.
- h) Roof trusses.
- i) Wall/roof bracing
- j) The existing structure is to be certified as being structurally adequate to carry out the proposed additional loadings.
- k) Other.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the building or structure and its materials and components are capable of sustaining at an acceptable level of safety and serviceability.

#### 104. Information required prior to the issue of Construction Certificate

The following documentation (where applicable) is to be submitted to Council or the accredited certifier, **prior to the granting of the construction certificate**:

- a) Detailed building plans and specifications containing sufficient information to verify that the completed building will comply with the Building Code of Australia.
- b) A list of any existing fire safety measures provided in relation to the land or any existing building on the land (*not applicable to dwellings or outbuildings*)
- c) A list of any proposed fire safety measures provided in relation to the land or any existing building on the land *(not applicable to dwellings or outbuildings)*

- d) A report prepared by a professional engineer detailing the proposed methods of excavation, shoring or pile construction, and what measures are to be implemented to prevent damage from occurring to adjoining or nearby premises as a result of the proposed excavation works. (NOTE: Any practices or procedures specified to avoid damage to adjoining or nearby premises are to be incorporated into the plans and specifications for the construction certificate).
- e) Method of protecting window/door openings as required by BCA Part 3.
- f) Method of ventilating the basement car park. (Note: If mechanical ventilation is required, mechanical ventilation plans shall be submitted that also confirm the minimum height clearances specified by AS 2890.1 – Car parking, will be achieved).

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure that adequate information is submitted to enable assessment or that the development can proceed with the concurrence of others.

#### 105. Lockable Pedestrian Entries

All shared pedestrian entries to the buildings must be lockable.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure adequate security provision to shared pedestrian entries to the development in accordance with Council's Development Control Plan requirements.

#### 106. Underside of balconies

The underside of the balconies within the development must be designed to prevent exposed pipes and utilities being visible.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure an attractive appearance to the development in accordance with Council's Development Control Plan requirements.

#### 107. Basement appearance

- a) Basement walls to the development that are visible above ground level are to be appropriately finished and be treated to be consistent with the appearance of the building.
- b) Where the basement wall extends within 1.2m of the side or rear boundary, ventilation grilles are not to be provided within these elevations.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that the basement walls are appropriately treated and in accordance with Council's Development Control Plan requirements.

#### 108. Switchboards/Service Panels

Switchboards and/or service panels for utilities are not to be attached to the front facades/elevations of the building(s).

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that switchboards and service panels are appropriately located and do adversely impact on the appearance/presentation of the front building facade.

#### 109. Reflectivity Index of Glazing

The reflectivity index (expressed as a percentage of the reflected light falling upon any surface) of external glazing for windows, walls or roof finishes of the proposed development is to be no greater than 20%. Written conformation of the reflectivity index of materials is to be submitted with the Construction Certificate.

Note: The reflectivity index of glazing elements can be obtained from glazing manufacturers. Glass with mirrored or reflective foil finishes is unlikely to achieve compliance with this requirement.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that excessive glare or reflectivity nuisance from glazing does not occur as a result of the development.

#### 110. Roofing Materials – Reflectivity

Roofing materials shall be factory pre-finished with low glare and reflectivity properties. The Certifying Authority shall be provided with certification from the applicant, with the Construction Certificate that the selected roofing material will not cause a glare nuisance or excessive reflectivity to adjoining or nearby properties.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that excessive glare or reflectivity nuisance from roofing materials does not occur as a result of the development.

#### 111. Occupation Certificate

A person must not commence occupation or use of the whole or part of a new building unless an occupation certificate has been issued in relation to the building or part.

The application for an Occupation Certificate must be made to the Principal Certifying Authority (Council or an accredited certifier) using the approved form.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with the requirements of Section 6.9 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (as amended).

#### 112. Waste and recyclables storage area:

The waste and recyclable storage area shall be fully enclosed, adequately ventilated and constructed with a concrete floor and concrete or cement rendered walls covering the floor. The floor shall be graded to an approved sewer connection incorporating a sump and galvanised grate cover or basket. A hot and cold hose cock shall be provided within the room. Details shall be provided with the Construction Certificate and endorsed on the construction drawings, and works completed prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to ensure the waste and recyclables storage area is appropriately constructed and able to be readily cleaned and maintained.

#### 113. Ongoing Waste Management

Ongoing waste management within the development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Waste Management Plan and the following requirements:-

- a) Appropriate waste management practices are to be adopted within the development at all times.
- b) The waste storage room shall be kept in a clean, tidy and hygienic condition at all times.
- c) The waste and recyclable storage area shall be fully enclosed, adequately ventilated and constructed with a concrete floor and concrete or cement rendered walls covering the floor. The floor shall be graded to an approved sewer connection incorporating a sump and galvanised grate cover or basket. A hot and cold hose cock shall be provided within the room. Details shall be provided with the Construction Certificate and endorsed on the construction drawings, and works completed prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

- d) A person shall be employed/nominated to manage the collection of waste material by Council, including, but not limited to bin placement at the road edge and retrieval of bins soon after collection of contents, cleansing of bins, storage of bins in the compound and the like.
- e) The nature strip is to be kept in a clean and tidy condition upon garbage collection.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure appropriate ongoing waste management practices within the development in accordance with Council's Development Control Plan requirements.

#### 114. Termite Protection

Where a primary building element in a building may be subject to attach by termites, those members will need to be protected in accordance with Clause 3.1.3.0 of the Building Code of Australia. Satisfactory compliance with this requirement is achieved by applying a preventative treatment in accordance with AS 3660.1-2000.

Where a patented method of physical protection or chemical treatment is carried out, a certificate shall be submitted to The Principal Certifying Authority from the installer/pest control firm indicating that the protection used complies with AS 3660.1-2000 and the Building Code of Australia. This certificate shall be forwarded to The Principal Certifying Authority **prior to the pouring** of any slab on ground or **prior** to a bearers and joist inspection.

Where an alternative method of treatment is proposed, it is to be provided in accordance with the requirements of Clause 3.1.3 and Clause P2.1 in Section 2 of the Building Code of Australia. Details of any proposed performance based compliance system must be submitted to The Principal Certifying Authority for approval.

A durable notice must be permanently fixed to the building in a prominent location regarding the installation of termite barriers, such as in a meter box or the like indicating:-

- i) The method of protection; and
- ii) The date of installation of the system; and
- iii) Where a chemical barrier is used, its life expectancy as listed on the National Registration Authority label; and
- iv) The installer's or manufacturer's recommendations for the scope and frequency of future inspections for termite activity.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with Clause 3.1.3.0 of the Building Code of Australia and AS 3660.1-2000.

#### 115. Sanitary Compartment doors – All Buildings

The door to a fully enclosed sanitary compartment must open outwards OR slide OR be readily removable from the outside of the compartment, unless there is a clear space of at least 1.2m between the closet pan within the sanitary compartment and the nearest part of the doorway.

<u>*Reason*</u>:- to comply with BCA F2.5 and Part 3.8.3.3.

#### 116. Smoke Alarms – Class 1 Buildings

Smoke alarms are required to be installed in each Class 1 building or dwelling in

accordance with the relevant provisions of Part 3.7.2 of the B.C.A. - Housing Provisions.

Smoke alarms must comply with AS 3786 - Smoke alarms and be connected to the consumer mains electric power supply and provided with a battery back-up.

The smoke alarms are to be installed in suitable locations on or near the ceiling, in any storey containing bedrooms; located between each part of the dwelling containing the bedrooms and the remainder of the dwelling, or where bedrooms are served by a hallway, the smoke alarms are to be located in that hallway; and smoke alarms are to be installed in any other storey not containing bedrooms, to the satisfaction of the certifying authority.

Smoke alarms are not be located in "dead-air spaces", in the corner junction of walls and ceilings between exposed rafters/joists or at the apex of raked ceilings, as detailed in Part 3.7.2 of the B.C.A. - Housing Provisions.

Details of compliance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia must be included in the plans/specification for the construction certificate.

<u>*Reason:*</u>- to ensure that reasonable levels of fire safety are provided in the building.

#### 117. Household Type Hot Water System

The household type hot water system is to be supported on construction sufficient to carry the total mass at full capacity and is positioned to enable adequate access for operation, maintenance and removal. Roof space or otherwise concealed units are to have a safety tray and waste for the overflow. (Note: Installation in accordance with AS 1529 is considered satisfactory).

<u>Reason</u>:- to comply with AS 1529.